

Provenance-based Access Control in Cloud IaaS

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Dissertation Proposal

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Data Provenance in Computer Systems

“In computer systems, activities are carried out by processes that **take input** data, input state, input configuration, and **produce output** data and output state. Such **processes are compositional** by nature and can be the result of sophisticated compositions (sequential, parallel, conditional, etc) of simpler processes.” (Luc Moreau, “The Foundation for Provenance on the Web”)

Characteristics of Provenance Data

- Information of operations/transactions performed against data objects and versions
 - **Actions** that were performed against data
 - **Acting Users/Subjects** who performed actions on data
 - **Data Objects used** for actions
 - **Data Objects generated** from actions
 - **Additional Contextual Information** of the above entities
- **Directed Acyclic Graph (DAG)**
- **Causality dependencies** between entities (acting users / subjects, action processes and data objects)
- Dependency graph can be traced/traversed for the discovery of **Origin, usage, versioning info, etc.**

Provenance and Access Control

- Compared to traditional access control, Provenance-based Access Control (**PBAC**) provides richer access control mechanisms.
For example: dynamic separation of duties issues.

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- Provenance Data Model
 - Base PBAC Model
 - Contextual PBAC Model
 - Provenance data sharing approaches

Provenance-aware Systems

- **Capturing** provenance data
- **Storing** provenance data
- **Querying** provenance data

- **Using** provenance data
- **Securing** provenance data



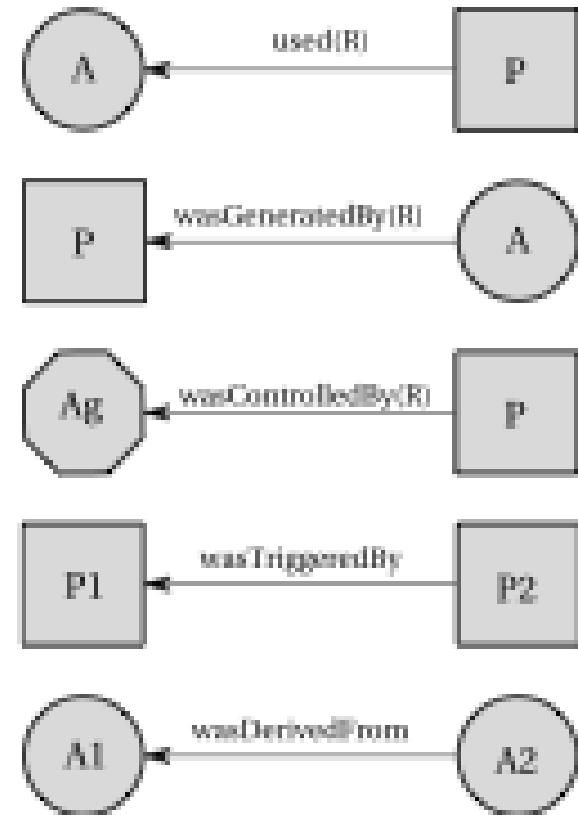
Open Provenance Model (OPM)

- 3 Node Types

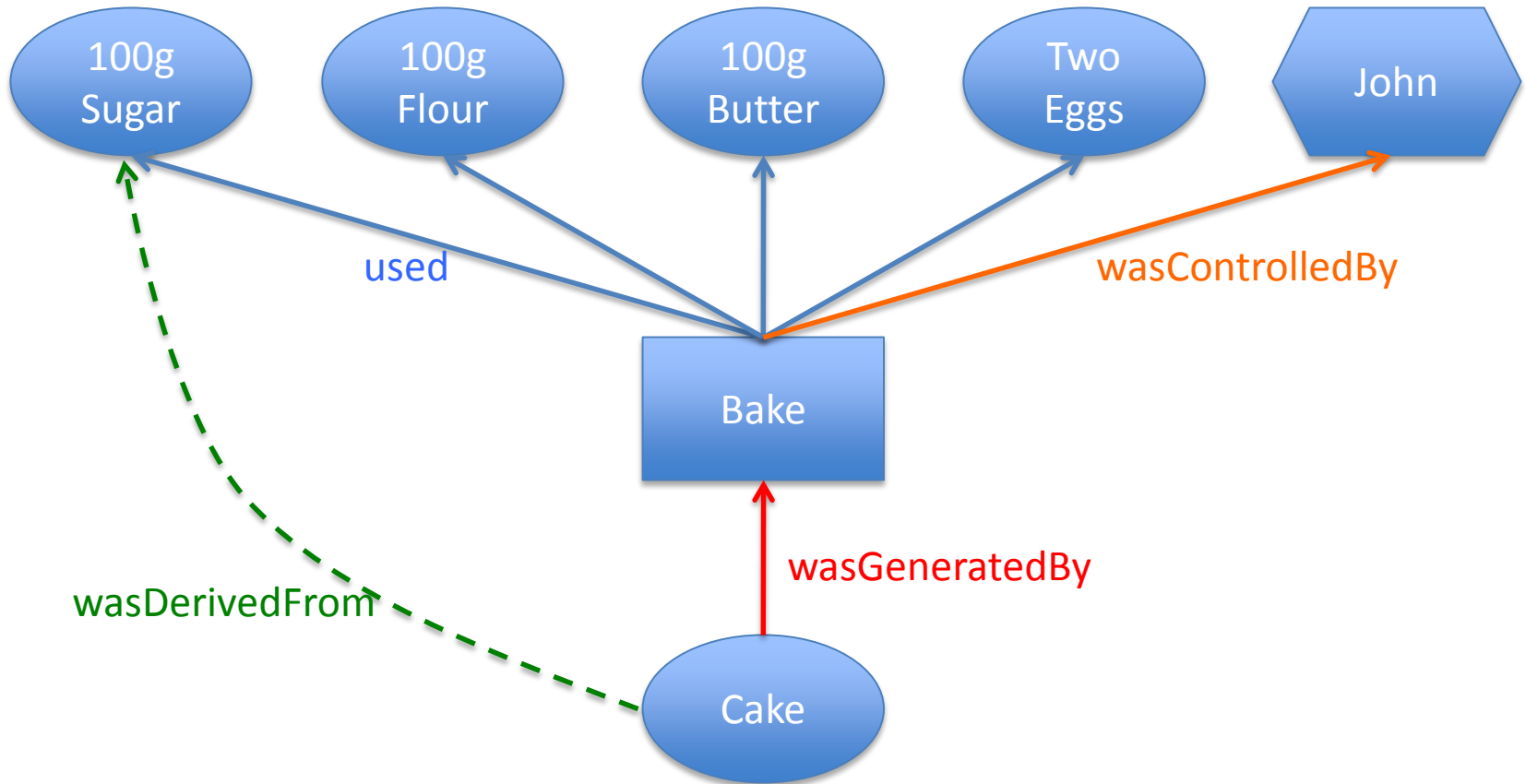
- **Artifact** (ellipse): Object
- **Process** (Rectangle): Action
- **Agent** (Octagon/Hexagon): User/Subject

- 5 Causality dependency edge Types (not a dataflow)

- **U: Used(Role)**
- **G: wasGeneratedBy(Role)**
- **C: wasControlledBy(Role)**
- wasDerivedFrom
- wasTriggeredBy



OPM Example

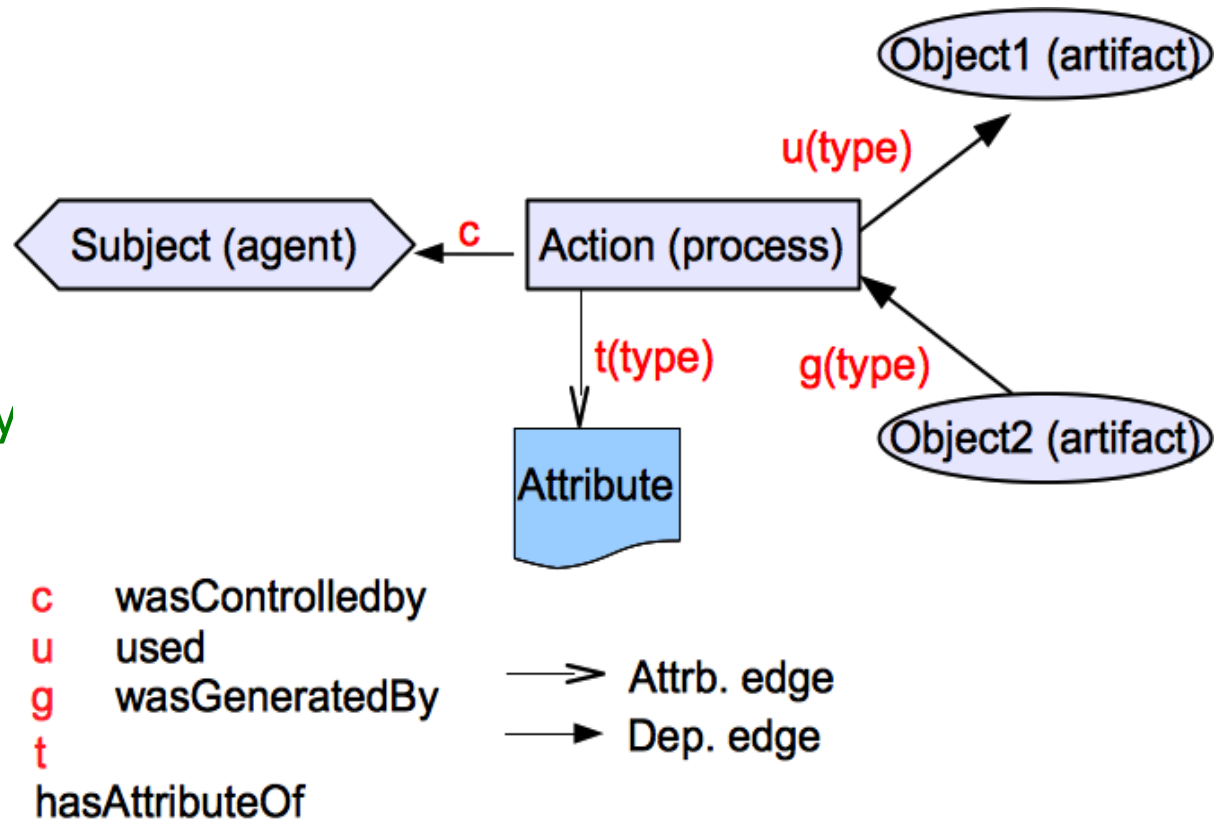


Provenance Data Model

- 4 Node Types

- Object (Artifact)
- Action (Process)
- Subject (Agent)
- Attribute

- 5 Causality dependency edge Types
(not a dataflow) and
Attribute Edge



Capturing Provenance Data

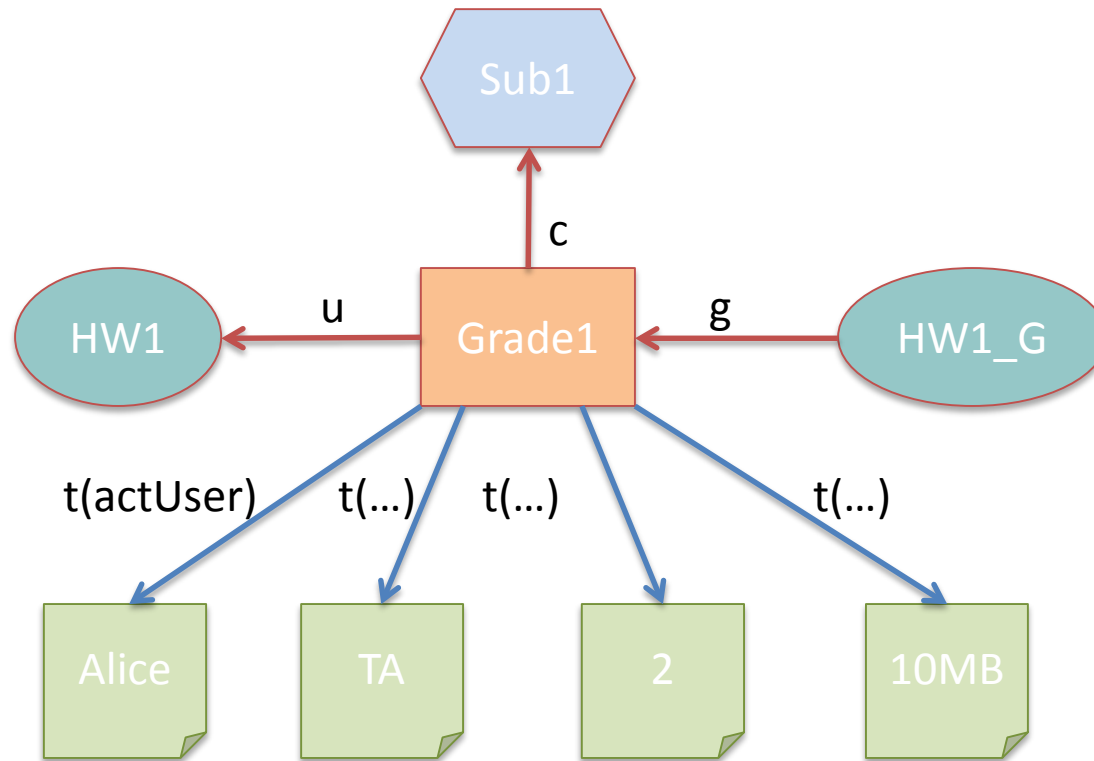
(Subject1, Grade1, HW1, GradedHW1, ContextualInfoSet-Grade1)



(Grade1, u, HW1)
(Grade1, c, Subject1)
(GradedHW1, g, Grade1)

(Grade1, t[actingUser], Alice)
(Grade1, t[activeRole], TA)
(Grade1, t[weight], 2)
(Grade1, t[object-size], 10MB)

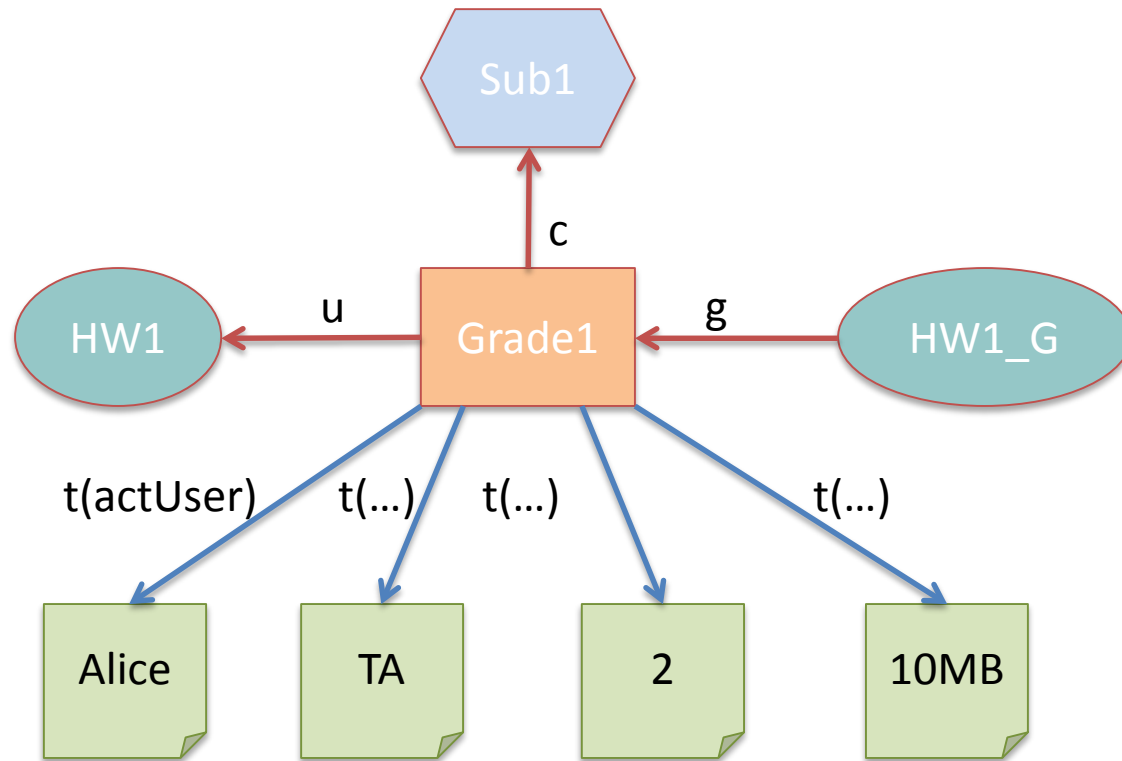
Provenance Graph



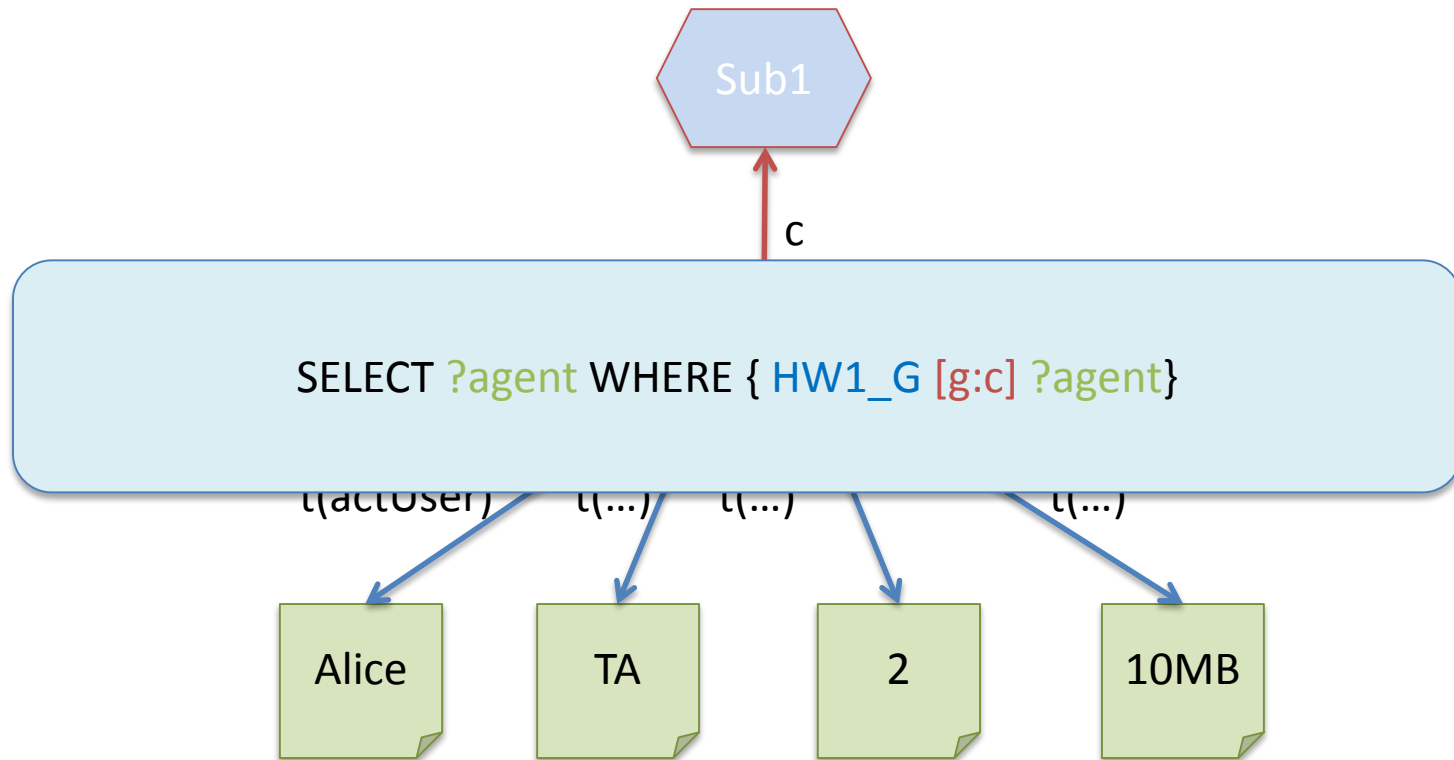
Storing and Querying Provenance Data

- **Resource Description Framework (RDF)** provides natural representation of triples.
- **RDF-format triples** can be stored in databases.
- Utilizes **SPARQL Protocol and RDF Query Language** for extracting useful provenance information.
 - Starting Node: any entities (not attribute nodes)
 - A matching path pattern: combination of dependency edges

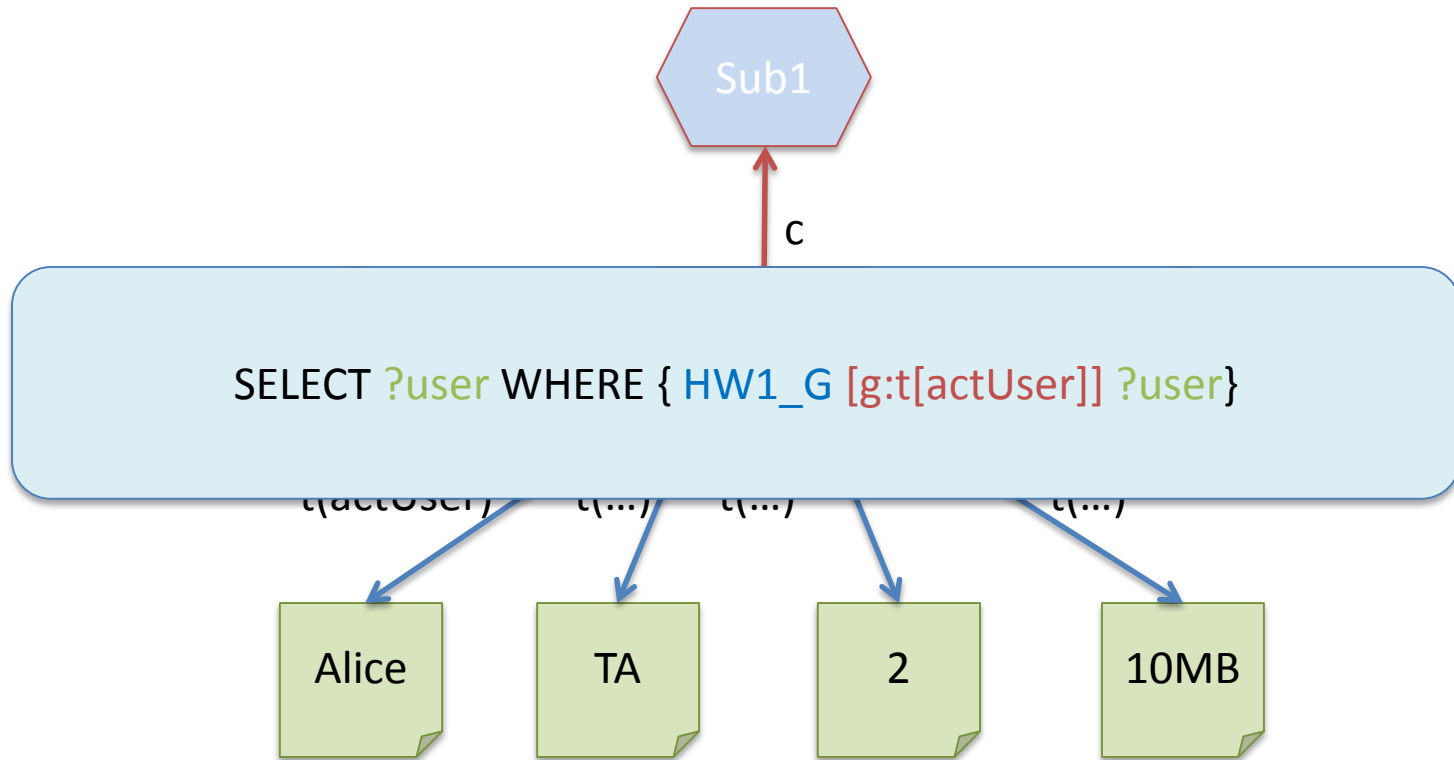
Provenance Graph



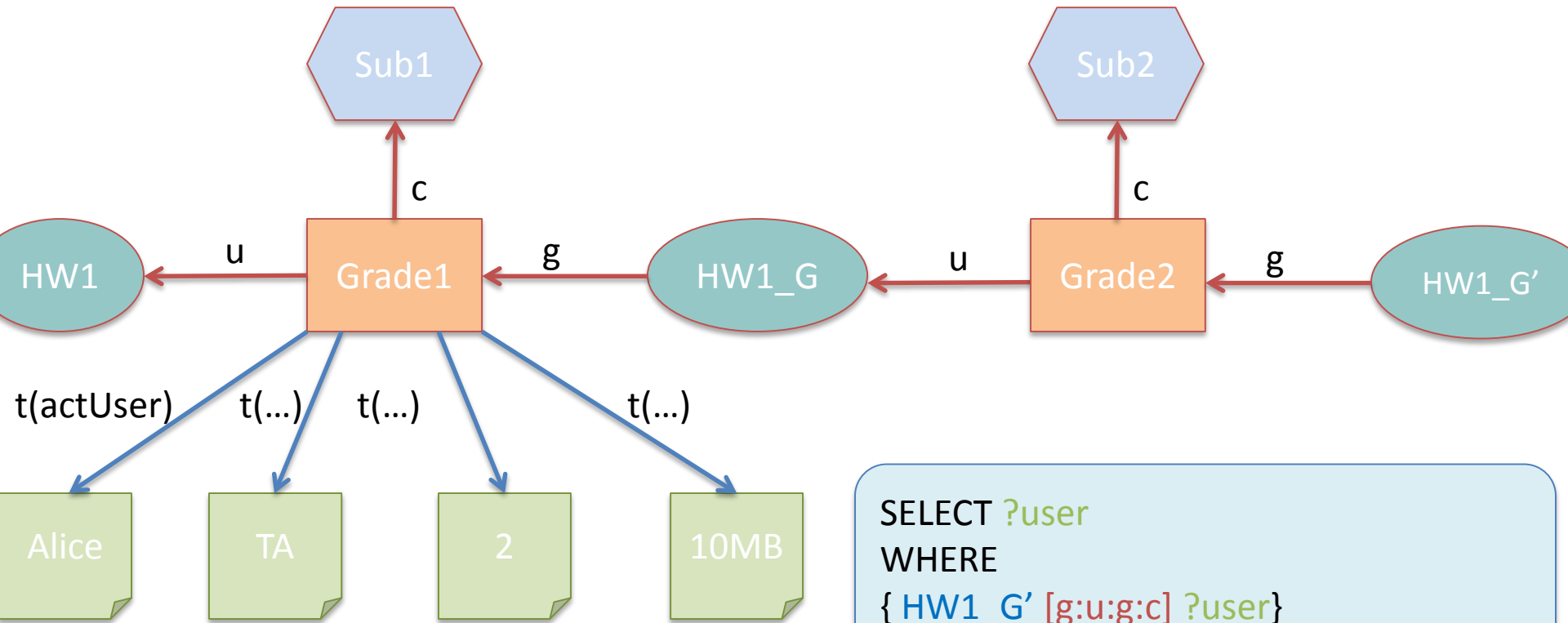
Provenance Graph



Provenance Graph



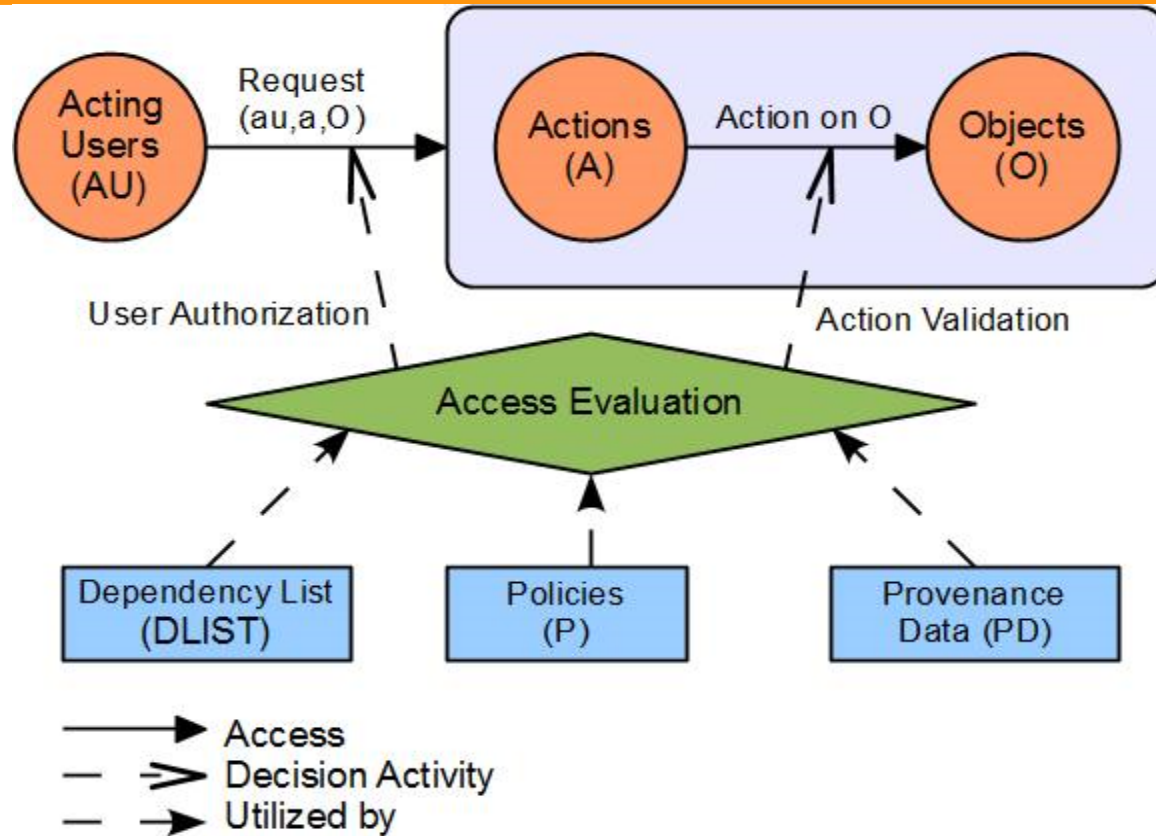
Provenance Graph



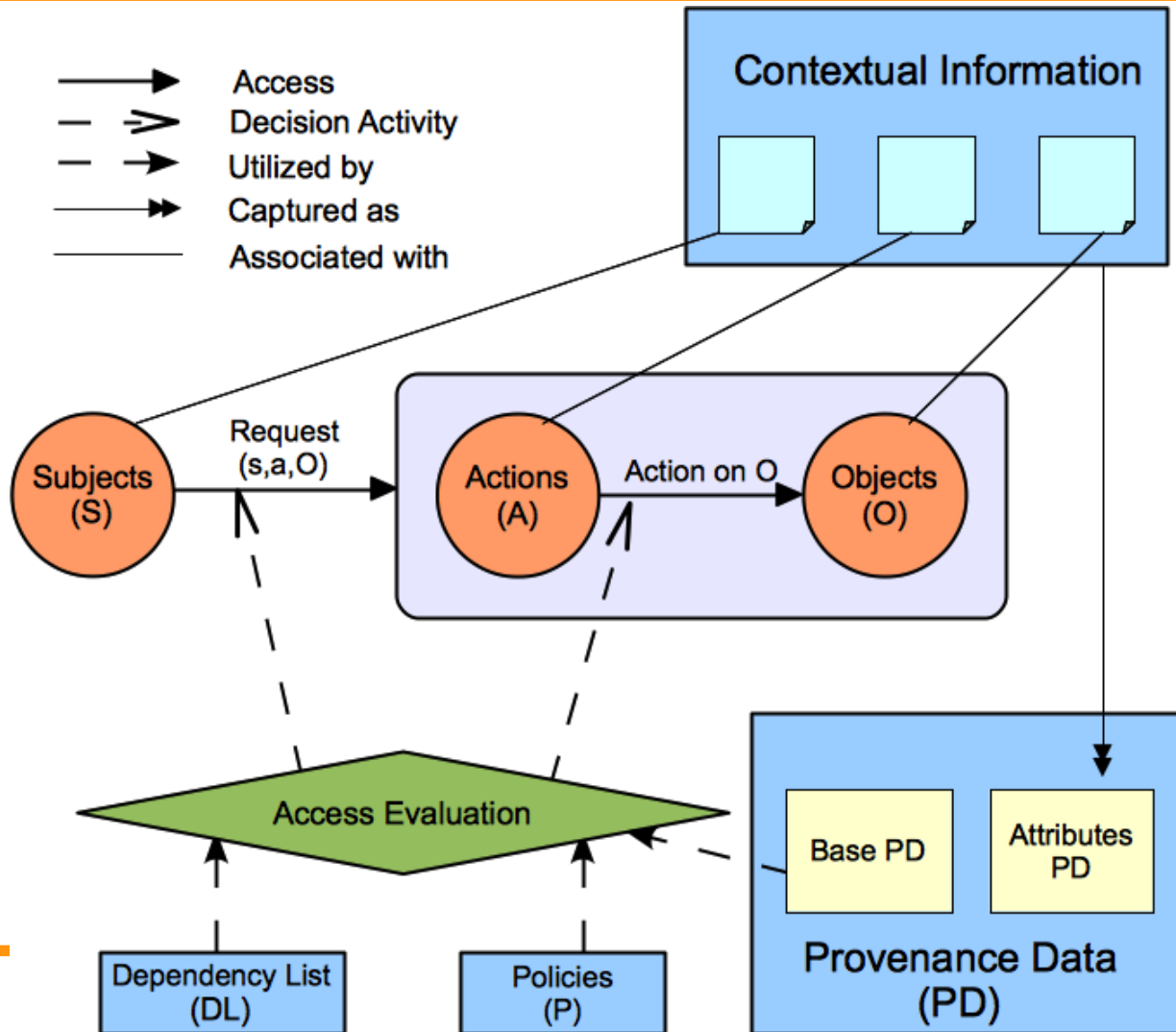
```
SELECT ?user
WHERE
{ HW1_G' [g:u:g:c] ?user }
```

```
{ HW1_G' [[g:u]*:g:c] ?user }
```

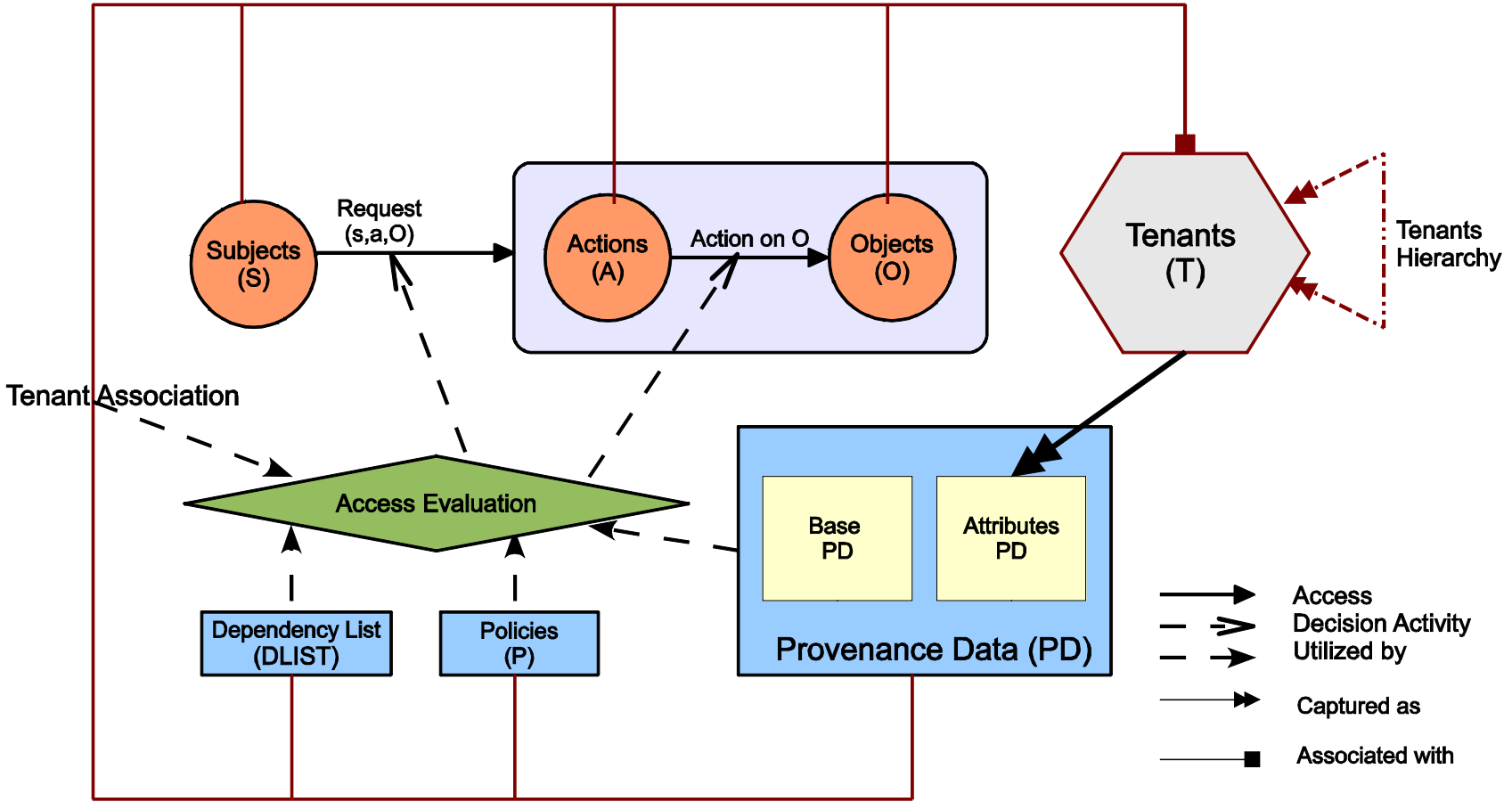

PBAC Model Components



PBAC_C : PBAC_B + Contextual Info.



PBAC_C in Cloud IaaS



Capturing Provenance Data

(Subject1, Create1, VMI1, ContextualInfoSet-Create1)



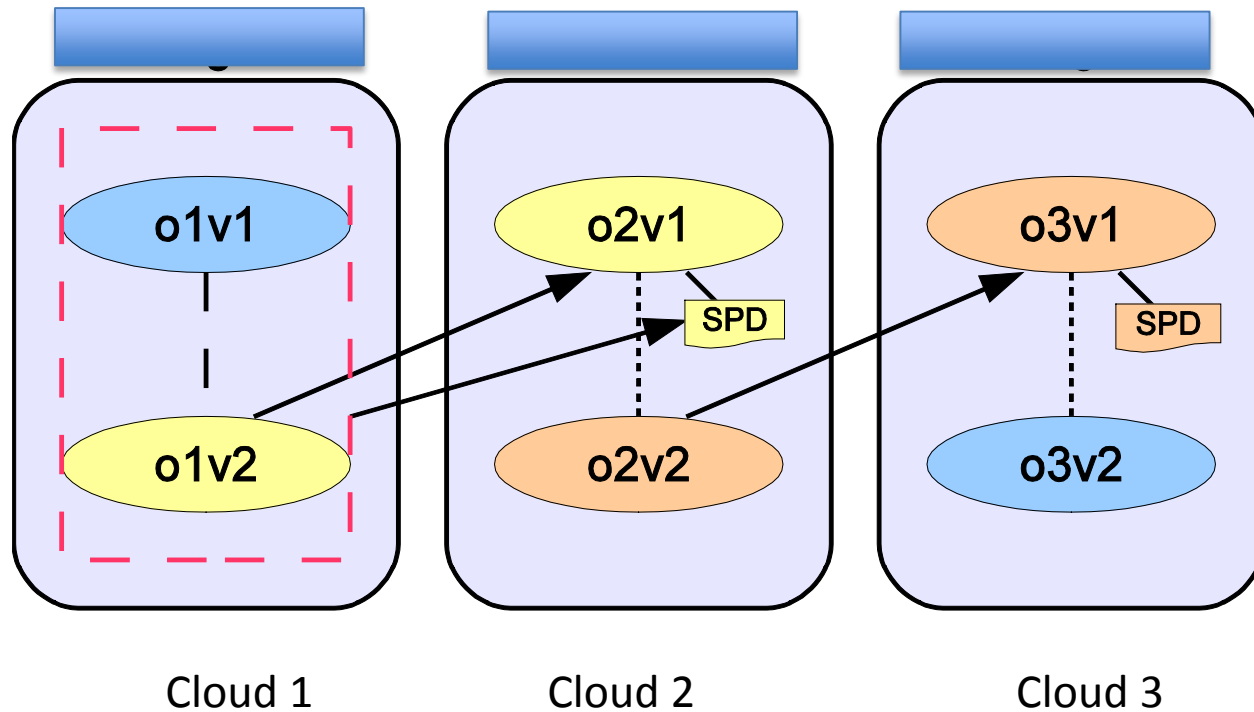
Create1, c, Subject1)
(VMI1, g, Create1)

Create1, t[tenant], "Development")

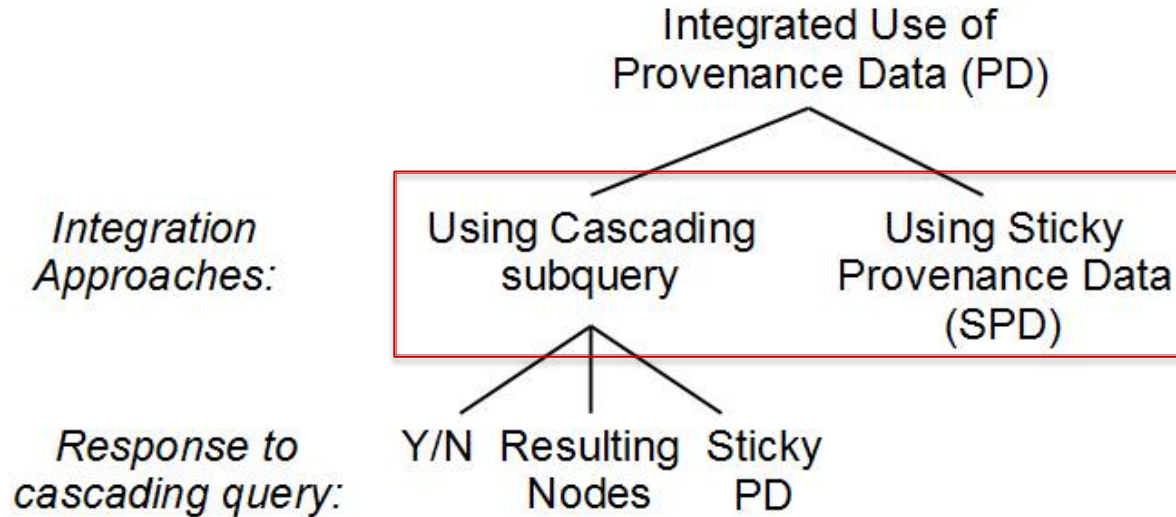
Single- vs Multi-Cloud (IaaS)

- Most single-cloud CSP provides centralized service.
 - Facilitates data sharing (provenance).
- Multi-cloud CSPs require collaboration for sharing data.

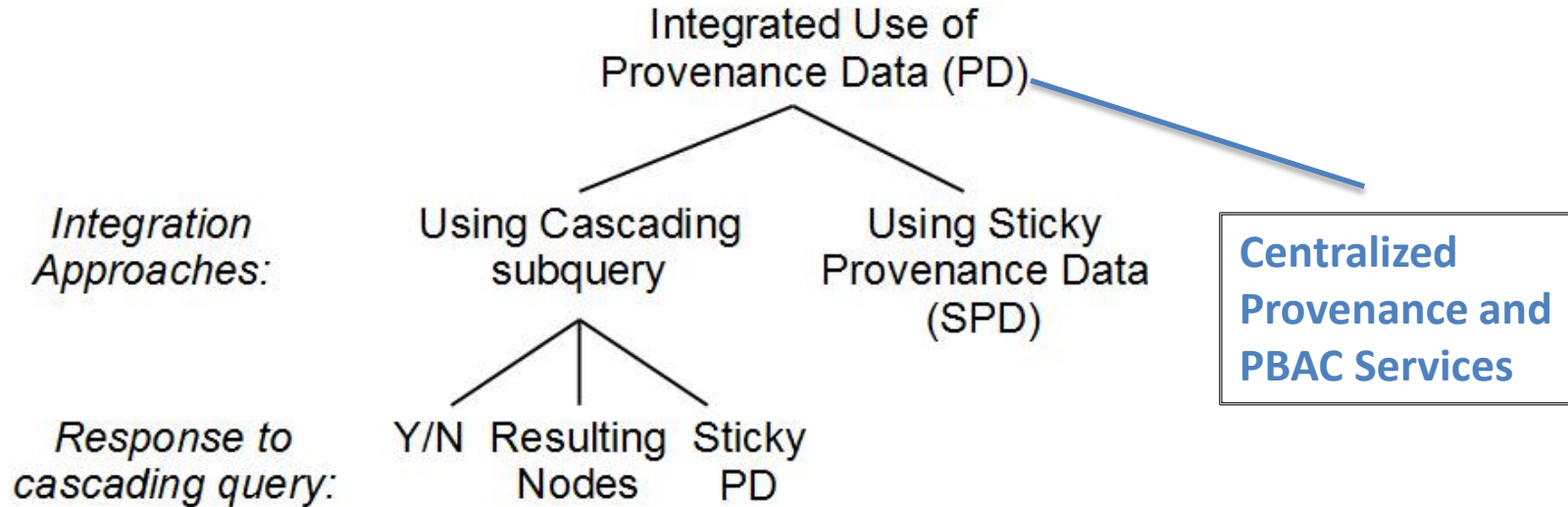
Multi-cloud PBAC



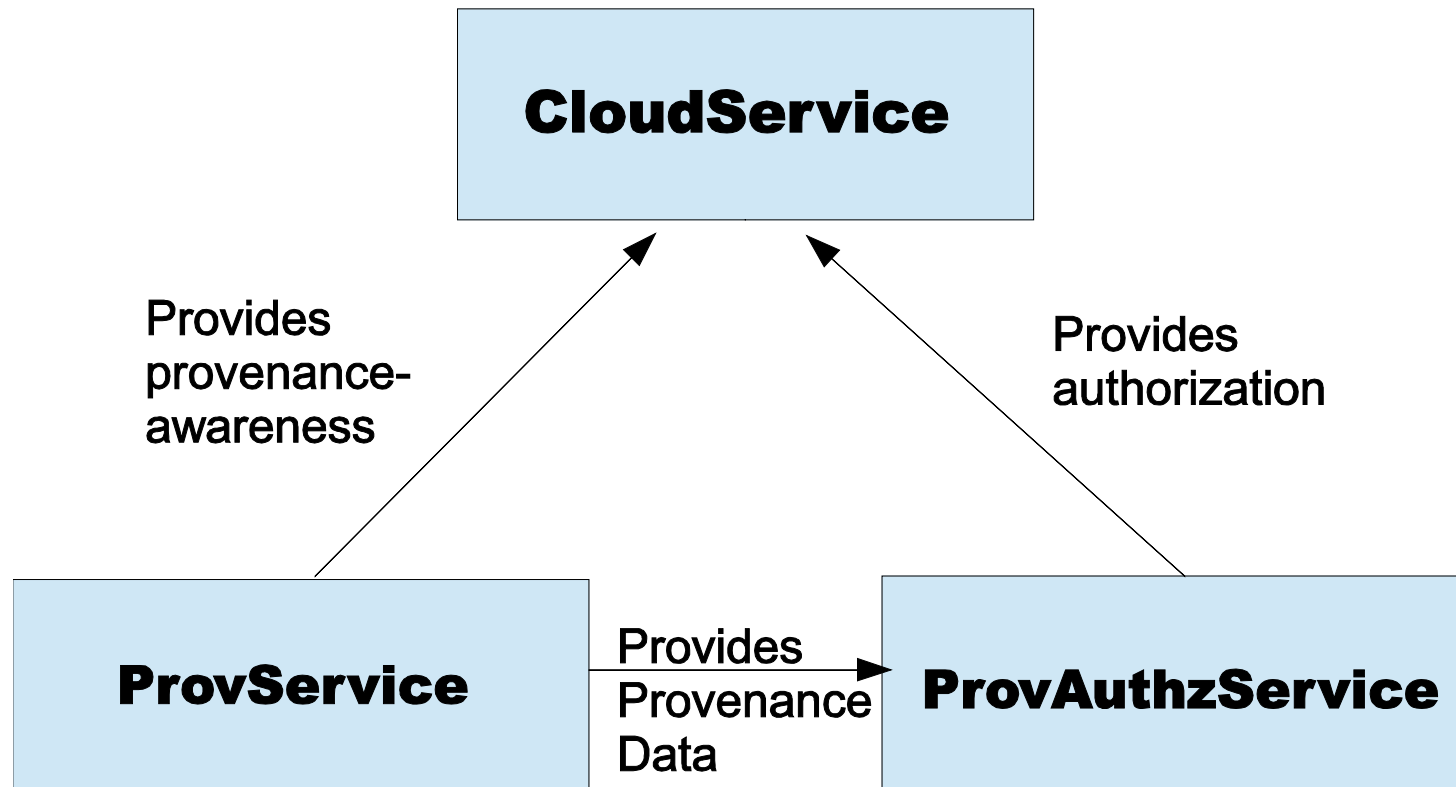
Provenance Data Sharing



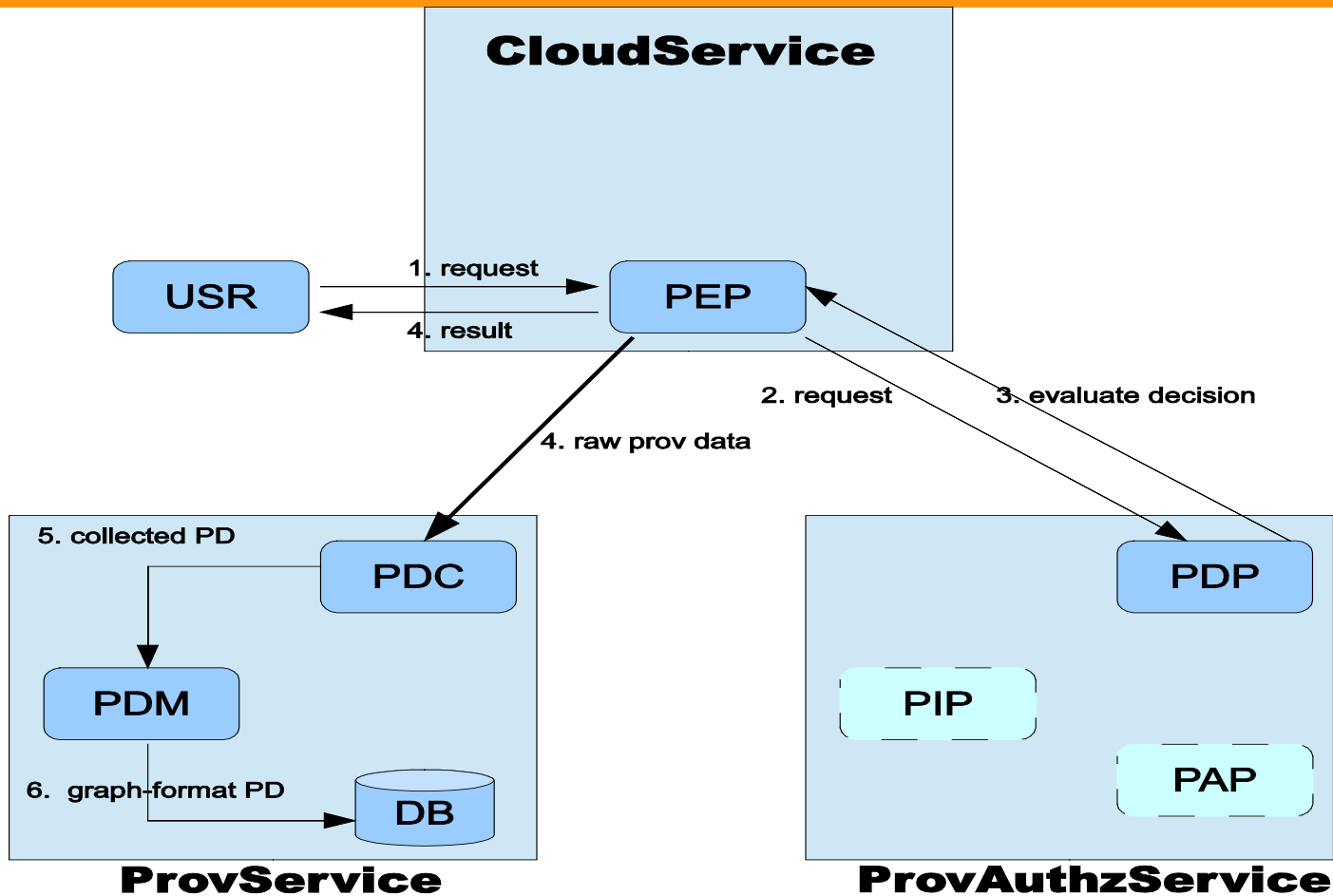
Provenance Data Sharing



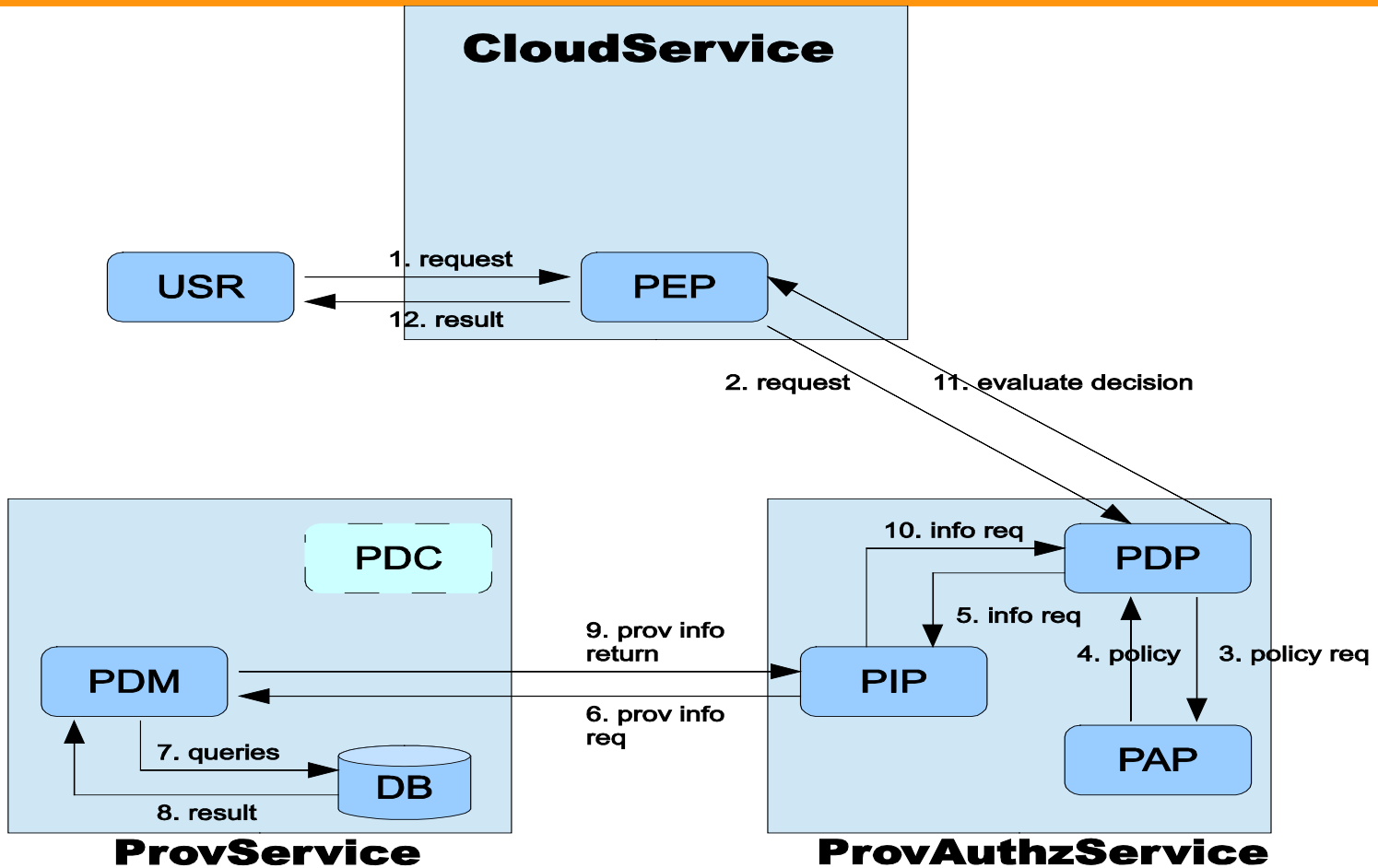
Single MT-Cloud PBAC Architecture



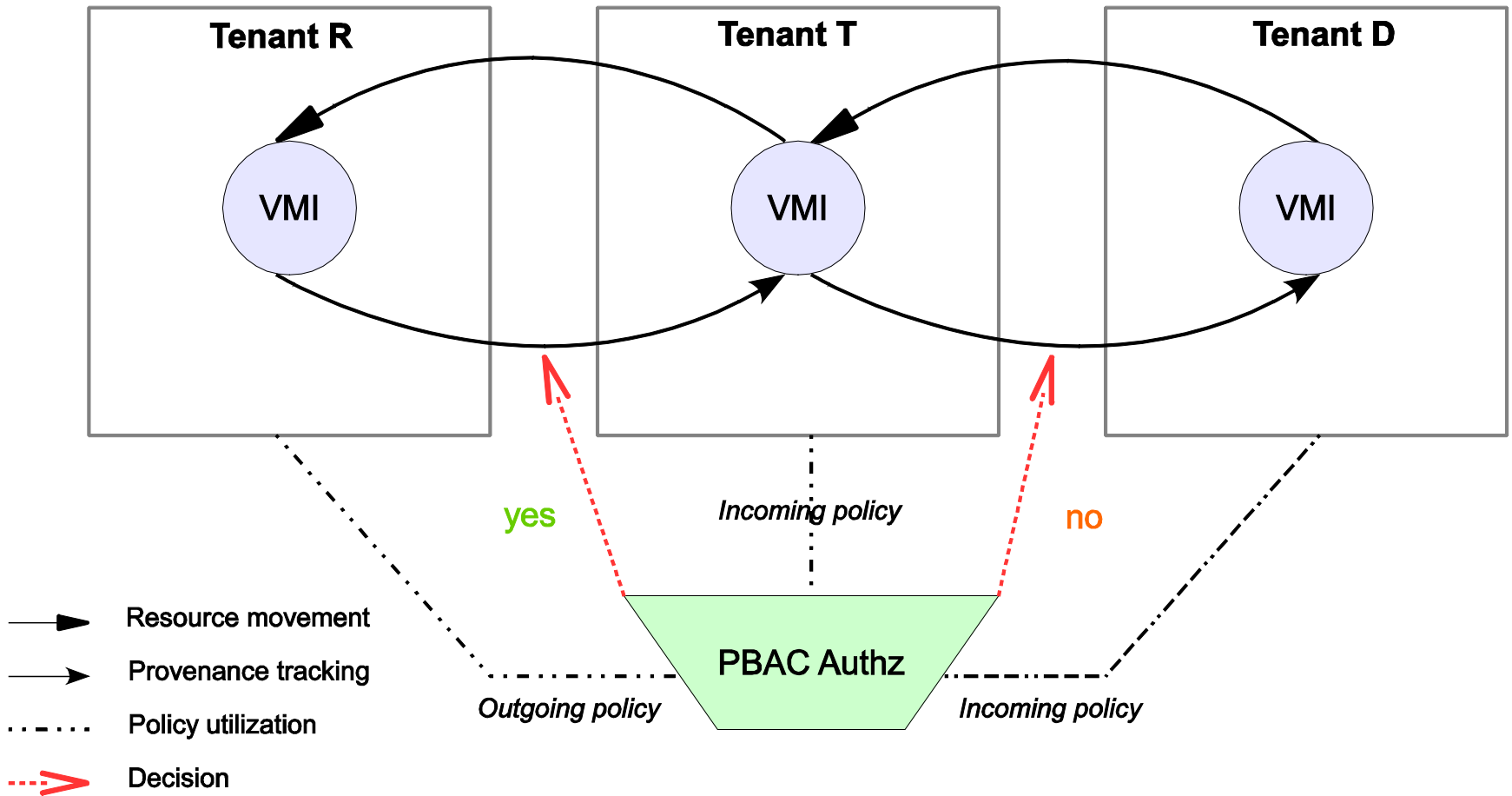
Provenance Service



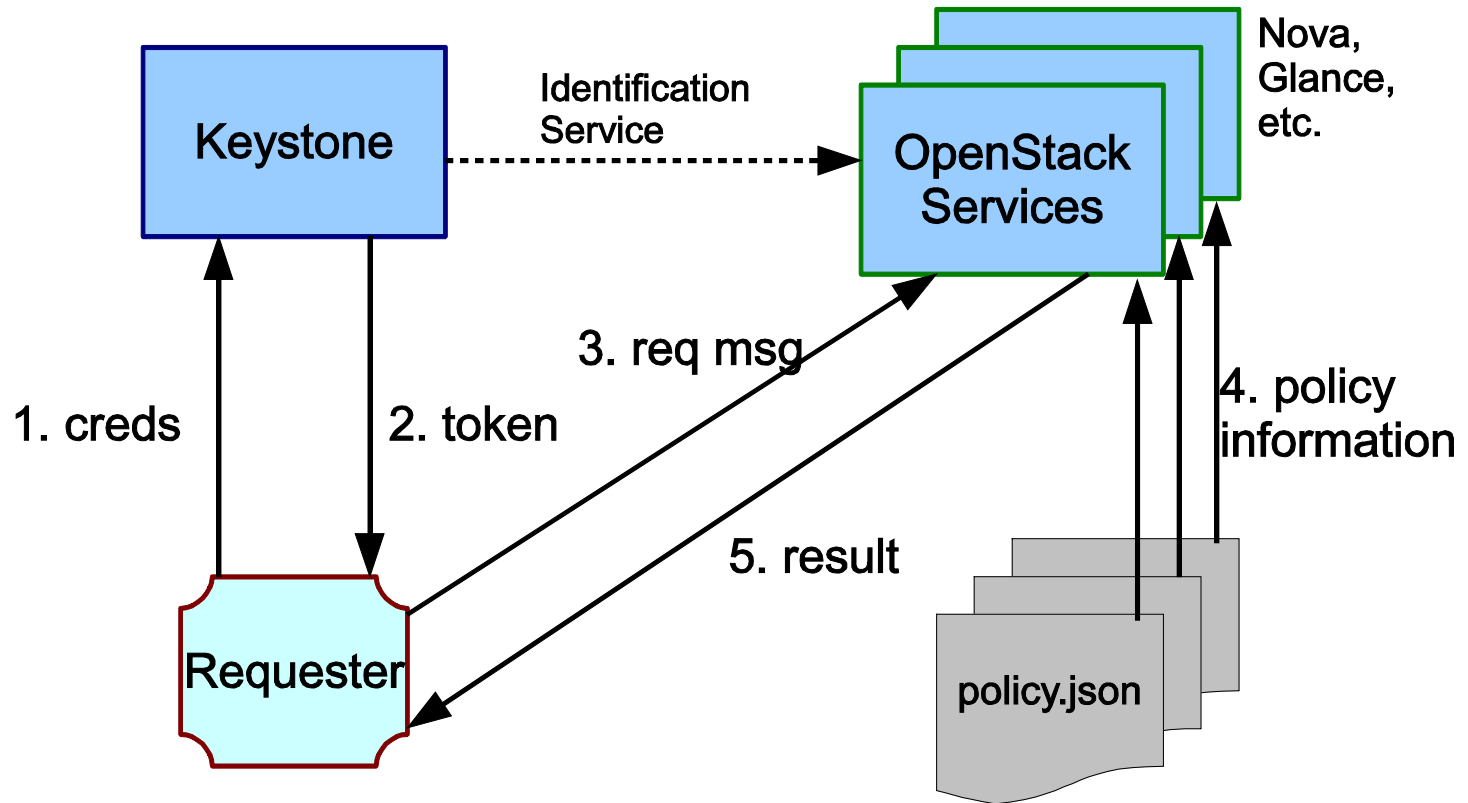
PBAC Service



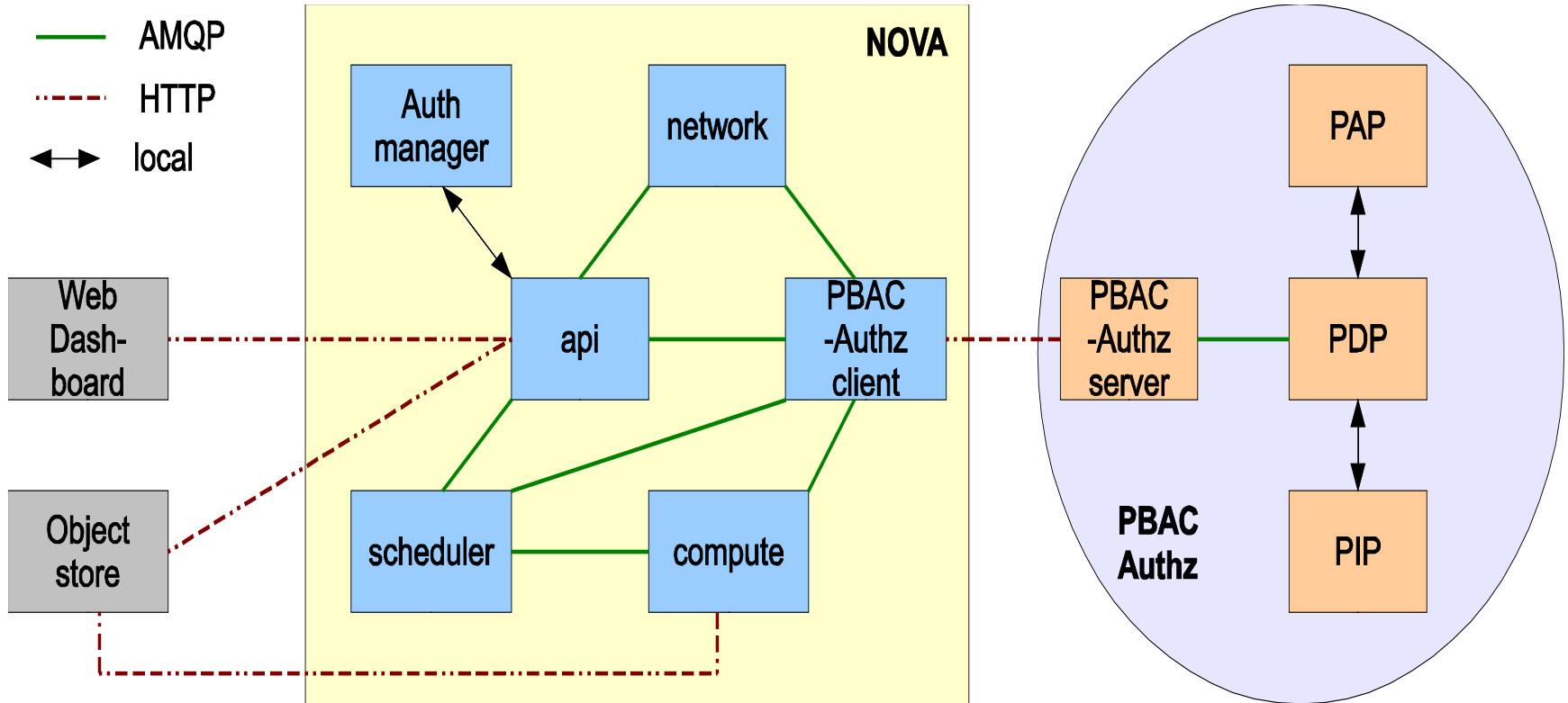
Cross-tenant PBAC



OpenStack Authz



Nova Architecture



Thank you!!!

- Questions and Comments?